### **Building Bridges to Opportunity**



### Ruth Harrell – Director of Public Health Nick Shaw – Public Health Registrar

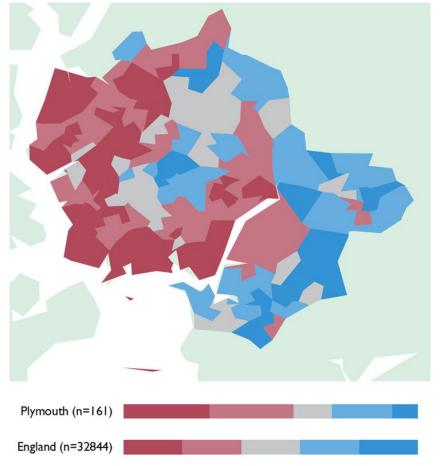
## **Building Bridges to Opportunity**



- 'Building Bridges to Opportunity' aims to provide a framework to shape how the Council and its partners collaborate to tackle poverty in Plymouth.
- This builds on existing council led initiatives and collaborations to proactively prevent poverty, lift people out of poverty, and to mitigate the impact of poverty on health and wellbeing.
- This programme is currently in the engagement phase.

### **Deprivation and poverty in Plymouth**





More deprived - - - - - - - - - - - - Less deprived

- Approximately I.4% of the population of Plymouth, 3600 residents, are living in the most deprived 1% of areas nationally with 46,000 people living in the 10% most deprived areas.
- Nearly a quarter of residents are economically inactive, of these 12,900 are long term sick.
- 21,200 residents are reliant on lower skilled and low paid work, with irregular and often zero-hour contracts - this particularly impacts on women.

Source: Office for National Statistics licensed under the Open Government Licence v.3.0 Contains OS data © Crown copyright and database right 2024

### A city of opportunity



- As 'Britain's Ocean City', few places can rival Plymouth's rich cultural history, natural and built environment, and community assets.
- The city has a population of almost 264,800, a real economic output of over £5.4 billion and a growing workforce of almost 116,000 people.
- Plymouth has strong public sector anchor organisations including three institutes of higher education and a large teaching hospital providing secondary and tertiary services across the region, as well as being home to the Plymouth Sound National Marine Park and the Plymouth and South Devon Freeport.
- Plymouth's economy is driven though Marine and Defence, Manufacturing, Medical, and Digital industries.

## **Building Bridges to Opportunity**



Is about setting an environment where people;



and seeing our strategies and plans through these lenses

### What does the evidence say?



- There are no easy or quick answers and there needs to be a whole systems approach across the city.
- This includes both population level interventions as well as interventions and services targeting those cohorts who are more likely to fall into poverty; people with disabilities, who become unemployed, who have caring responsibilities.
- Generally, people's life chances are closely related to those of their parents. This highlights the importance of considering the life course including;
  - School readiness
  - School attendance and a high-quality education system to cater for all
  - <u>Good quality</u> work, including skilled manual jobs to meet the needs of the whole population

### Links with policy

#### **Plymouth Plan**

- HEA I Addressing health inequalities
- HEA 2 Delivering the best outcomes for children, young people and families
- HEA 4 Playing an active role in the city
- HEA 5 Delivering strong and safe communities and good quality neighbourhoods
- HEA 8 Meeting local housing needs
- GRO I Creating the conditions for economic growth
- GRO 2 Delivering skills and talent development
- INT 8 Celebrating diverse communities

#### **National Missions**

- I Kickstart economic growth
- 4 Break down barriers to opportunity

#### **Marmot Policy Objectives**

- I Give every child the best start in life
- 2 Enable all children, young people and adults to maximise their capabilities and have control over their lives
- 3 Create fair employment and good work for all
- 4 Ensure healthy standard of living for all
- 5 Create and develop healthy and sustainable places and communities

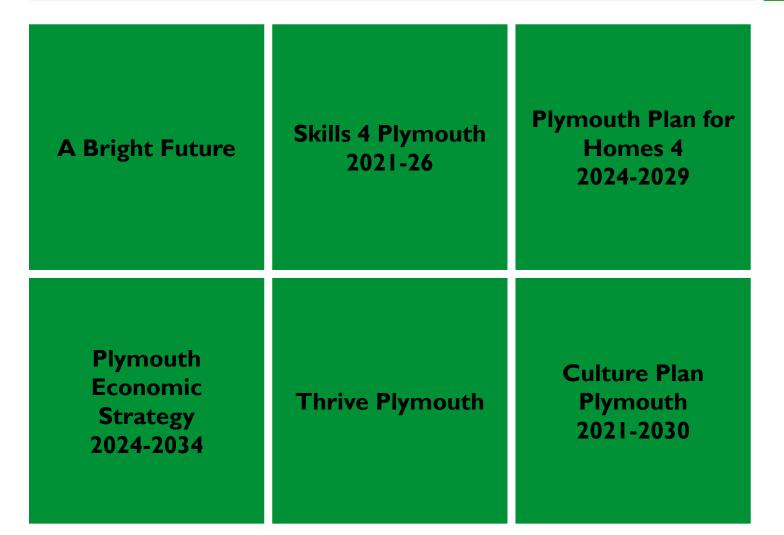
#### **UN Sustainable Development Goals**

- I No poverty
- 2 Zero hunger
- 3 Good health and wellbeing
- 4 Quality Education
- 8 Decent work and economic growth
- 10 Reduced inequalities
- II Sustainable cities and communities



### **Key PCC Strategic Programmes**





### PLANS FOR NEXT 12 MONTHS



# Outcome I – Co-produce a framework for addressing poverty in Plymouth:

- Working with both internal and external stakeholders including community members and people with lived experience.
- Based around the three lenses of reducing the impact of poverty, helping people lift themselves out of poverty, and reducing the risk of people falling into poverty.
- Considering the principles of whole systems working and a lifecourse approach.

### Outcome 2 – Work with council teams and strategic partners to:

- Develop a shared narrative around poverty, its drivers and impact on our population, and the role of Plymouth City Council and its strategic partners in addressing this.
- Map existing strategies, plans, and initiatives to the framework.
- Identify core initiatives in each plan and assess their impact using existing key performance indicators and explore how the impact could be improved.
- Identify areas of excellence and gaps in current provision.
- Share learning.